

INTEGRATED STEREO AMPLIFIER

E-250

■ Revolutionary AAVA-II volume control
 ● Parallel push-pull output stage with high-power transistors delivers plenty of quality power
 ● Instrumentation amplifier principle in power amplifier section allows fully balanced signal transmission
 ● Current feedback topology
 ● Logic-control relays for straight and short signal paths
 ● Robust power supply with large transformer and high filtering capacity





Integrated amplifier with innovative AAVA-II volume control – In the power amplifier stage, high-power transistors in a parallel push-pull arrangement are supported by a power supply with massive transformer and large filtering capacitors. Experience 90 watts per channel (into 8 ohms) of quality power before a perfectly silent background. Instrumentation amplifier configuration allows balanced signal transmission. Current feedback design ensures optimal high-range characteristics.

The Accuphase E-200 series of basic integrated amplifiers enjoys an excellent reputation both in Japan and on the international stage. The E-250 represents a full model change of the E-213, featuring the new AAVA-II volume control and reflecting the latest design technology advances achieved by Accuphase. Carefully selected high-quality materials and parts are used throughout, in order to bring out even the finest nuances of the source. Using this integrated amplifier affords pure musical enjoyment.

In the category of integrated amplifiers, AAVA implemented in the E-550 and AAVA-II in the E-450 and E-350 have received high praise for being a clearly superior volume control principle. The E-250 inherits this advanced design technology. In order to fit within the more limited space available, circuitry and component layout have been further refined and advanced integration technology is used to increase mounting density. This was achieved while retaining the outstanding performance that made AAVA and previous AAVA-II implementations such impressive feats of technology. AAVA-II in the E-250 of course also completely eliminates variable resistors from the signal path. Amplification and volume control are integrated in a single entity consisting only of top-quality and highly reliable semiconductor parts. This eliminates mechanical wear and associated problems, allowing the control to function perfectly for many years.

The power amplifier section is configured as an advanced instrumentation amplifier, which enables fully balanced signal transmission throughout. In conjunction with the current feedback principle, this makes for even better electrical characteristics. The output stage uses high-power transistors designed for audio applications arranged in a parallel push-pull configuration, greatly improving the capability of the amplifier to drive low impedance loads. Speaker operation is sustained by a large power transformer with a maximum rating of 400 VA and amply dimensioned filtering capacitors, allowing the amplifier to deliver plenty of quality power: 2 × 115 watts into 4 ohms or 2 × 90 watts into 8 ohms. Power amplifier inputs and an EXT PRE function let you use the power amplifier separately in a stand-alone configuration.

Parallel push-pull power amplifier unit achieves 115 watts per channel into 4 ohms or 90 watts into 8 ohms.

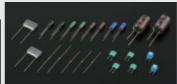
The output stage devices feature excellent frequency response, current amplification linearity, and switching characteristics. These high-power transistors have a rated collector dissipation of 100 watts

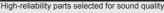
 Instrumentation amplifier principle in power amplifier section

This allows the configuration of fully balanced signal paths from the input jacks to the output stage, including the signal input stage. In addition, the current feedback design ensures outstanding high-range phase characteristics.

- Large and highly efficient 400 VA transformer and two 22,000 µF filtering capacitors selected for sound quality provide ample reserves.
- Option board installation slot provides further versatility. With AD-20 board, MC/MM switching on E-250 front panel is possible.
- EXT PRE switch and power amplifier input connectors allow independent use of power amplifier section.
- Use of metal thin-film resistors in all signal paths ensures superb low-noise performance.
- Large analog power meters show direct power output levels.
- Logic-controlled relays for signal switching ensure high sound quality and long-term reliability.
- Loudness compensator for enhanced bass at low listening
- "High Carbon" cast iron insulator feet further enhance sonic purity.
- Versatile array of inputs with balanced connectors to shut out external noise interference.
- Two sets of large-size speaker terminals designed for Y lugs.

Large speaker terminals







High-power transistor



MIT !

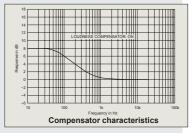
Massive power transformer

Filtering capacitors



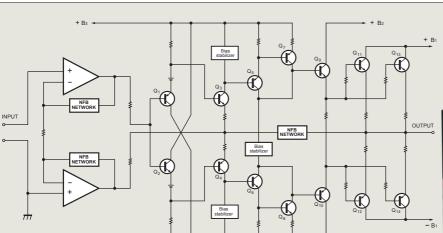


MC/MM Selector button EXT PRE switch





nbalanced input/output jacks and balanced input connectors



Circuit diagram of E-250 power amplifier (one channel)



AAVA-II (Accuphase Analog Vari-gain Amplifier) type volume control

AAVA-II (Accuphase Analog Vari-gain Amplifier) is a novel volume control concept that completely does away with variable resistors in the signal path. Because the music signal does not have to pass through such devices, there is no adverse influence from changes in impedance. This means that the outstanding S/N ratio and low distortion of the amplifier are not compromised in any way, and the same superb sound quality will be obtained at any volume setting.

- AAVA-II input stage employs current feedback principle that ensures high-speed, low-noise operation and assures excellent characteristics at high output voltages.
- **Volume control resolution**

The listening volume is adjusted by a combination of 16 V-I converters. The number of possible volume steps is 2 to the power of 16 = 65,536, as determined by current switches.

AAVA-II circuitry is deceptively simple Because AAVA-II employs circuitry that is electrically very simple, long-term reliability is excellent, with performance and sound quality that will remain unchanged also after prolonged use.

AAVA-II means analog processing
The AAVA-II circuit converts the music signal from a voltage
into a current, to allow control by current switches, and then
back into a voltage. The entire process is carried out in the

analog domain.

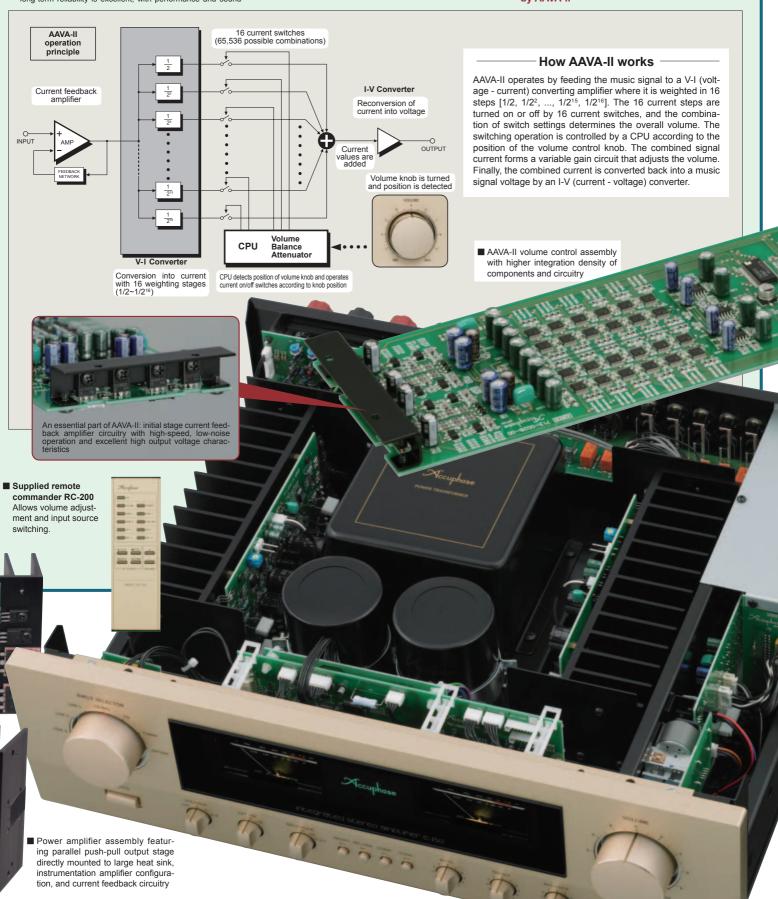
No more left/right tracking differences or crosstalk

Because AAVA-II is an electronic circuit employing only fixed-value resistors, there is virtually no left/right tracking error also at low volume levels, and crosstalk also does not present a problem.

AAVA-II maintains high S/N ratio and uniform frequency response Because AAVA-II does not introduce any change in impedance,

Because AAVA-II does not introduce any change in impedance, there is no deterioration of S/N ratio or alteration of frequency response. Changing the volume with AAVA does not mean introducing noise or otherwise degrading the sound quality of the amplifier.

- Control knob gives same operation feel as with a conventional high-quality volume control.
- Attenuator and balance control also implemented by AAVA-II



■ Tone controls using summing active filters for optimum sound quality Tone control circuit principle

Option Boards

Three types of option boards can be used in the E-250: the Digital Input Board DAC-20, Analog Disc Input Board AD-20, and Line Input Board LINE-10. One of these boards can be installed in the rear-panel slot as required.

- The Analog Disc Input Board AD-9/AD-10 and the Line Input Board LINE-9 can also be used.
- When using the AD-9/AD-10, the MC/MM button of the E-250 has no effect. MC/MM switching must be performed on the





Photos show examples for option board installation

Digital Input Board

The board features an MDS++ (Multiple Delta Sigma) type D/A converter and allows direct digital connection of a CD player, MD or other component with digital output (sampling frequency up to 96 kHz, 24 bits), for high-quality music reproduction.

• Inputs for coaxial and optical fiber connections are pro-

Analog Disc Input Board AD-20

This board serves for playback of analog records. It contains a high-performance, high-gain phono equalizer.

- MC/MM switching is possible on the front panel of the
- Internal DIP switches control MC input impedance and

Gain : 62 dB Input impedance: 10/30/100 ohms (selectable)

Gain : 36 dB Input impedance: 47 kilohms

Line Input Board

LINE-10

DAC-20

This option board provides a set of unbalanced line

■ Front Panel



Tone control characteristics

■ Rear Panel



- Input selector
 - LINE 3 LINE 2 LINE 1 CD-BAL CD TUNER OPTION
- 2 Left/right channel output meters
- 3 Volume control
- Power switch
- 6 Speaker selector OFF A В A+B
- 6 EXT PRE (preamplifier/power amplifier separator) switch
- Recorder switch OFF ON
- 8 Function buttons

Stereo/Mono selection, MC/MM selection,

Loudness compensator ON/OFF, Tone control ON/OFF

- Bass control
- Treble control
- Balance control
- Attenuator button (B) Headphone jack
- Line inputs (unbalanced)
- (6 CD inputs (balanced)
- Recorder outputs and inputs Power amplifier inputs
- BLeft/right speaker output terminals

A/B

GUARANTEED SPECIFICATIONS

[Guaranteed specifications are measured according to EIA standard RS-490.]

◆ Continuous Average Output Power (both channels driven, 20 – 20,000 Hz)

115 watts per channel into 4 ohms 105 watts per channel into 6 ohms 90 watts per channel into 8 ohms

(both channels driven, 20 - 20,000 Hz) Total Harmonic Distortion

0.04% with 4 to 16-ohm load Intermodulation Distortion 0.05%

● Frequency Response
20 - 20,000 Hz
3 - 150,000 Hz HIGH LEVEL INPUT/POWER IN

-0.2 dB (for rated continuous average output)
-3.0 dB (for 1 watt output) +0.

Damping Factor 100 (with 8-ohm load, 50 Hz)

●Input Sensitivity, Input Impedance

	Input	Sensitivity		Input
		For rated output	For 1 W output (EIA)	impedance
	HIGH LEVEL INPUT	134 mV	14.2 mV	20 kΩ
	BALANCED INPUT	134 mV	14.2 mV	40 kΩ
	POWER IN	1.07 V	113 mV	20 kΩ

HIGH LEVEL INPUT OUTPUT: Gain 46 dB POWER IN → OUTPUT:

Turnover frequency and adjustment range BASS: 300 Hz ±10 dB (50 Hz) Tone Controls BASS TREBLE: 3 kHz

● Loudness Compensation +6 dB (100 Hz)

Attenuator -20 dB

Signal-to-Noise Ratio

	Input shorted (A weighting)	EIA S/N	
iliput	S/N ratio at rated output		
HIGH LEVEL INPUT	105 dB	92 dB	
BALANCED INPUT	89 dB	92 dB	
POWER IN	120 dB	98 dB	

Logarithmic compression, peak reading meters Power Level Meters Output dB/% scale

●Load Impedance 4 - 16 ohms

Stereo Headphones Suitable impedance: 8 - 100 ohms

● Power Requirements AC 120 V/230 V 50/60 Hz

(Voltage as indicated on rear panel) 46 watts idle

Power Consumption 245 watts in accordance with IEC 60065

Width 465 mm (18-5/16") Maximum Dimensions (5-7/8") (16-9/16") 150 mm 420 mm Depth

Mass 19.9 kg (43.9 lbs) net 26 kg (57.3 lbs) in shipping carton

● Supplied Remote Commander RC-200

Remote control principle: Infrared pulse
Power supply: 3 V DC (IEC R03 batteries × 2)
Maximum dimensions: 56 mm × 175 mm × 26 mm 153 g (including batteries)

Remarks

- This product is available in versions for 120/230 V AC. Make sure that the voltage shown on the rear panel matches the AC line voltage in your area.
- * This product is available in versions for 120/230 v Ac. make sure may use voltage shown to the stand plug of the supplied power cord depends on the voltage rating and destination country.
- Supplied accessories:
 - AC power cord
 - Remote Commander RC-200

